



## BY TELEGRAPH.

The Manitoban Wheat Crop.

Mackerel Abundant in P. E. Island.

A THEATRE BURNT IN EXETER, ENGLAND.

A Terrible Loss of Human Life Reported.

Medical Convention in Washing'n

President Cleveland Officially Presides.

HALIFAX, Sept. 6.

Manitoba raises seven million bushels of wheat for export this season.

Mackerel are abundant on the Prince Edward Island shore within the three mile limit.

A theatre at Exeter, England, was burned last night. The fire broke out at the close of the 3rd act. A terrible loss of life is reported. A hundred and thirty bodies have been recovered. The search continues. Thirty women have been burnt, but the majority of the audience were men and boys. The fire originated suddenly on the stage.

The international medical convention assembled at Washington yesterday, President Cleveland officially opened the convention. Five thousand physicians including many nationalities attended.

Special to the Colonist.

FROM BAY ST. GEORGE.

DOINGS OF COURT ON CIRCUIT

Grand Jury's Presentment Against French Herring Fishery Competition.

BAY ST. GEORGE, this evening.

The grand jury of St. George's brought in a strong presentment touching the probably disastrous consequence of the threatened competition of the French in the herring fishery, in which two hundred bankers were likely to be engaged next spring, and desiring to be informed if the bait act applied to subjects on this coast. Mr. Justice Piusent commented at length upon the presentment, and upon the notifications of the French commanders brought under his notice, and repudiated the assumption of the French that the investiture of British official authority on this coast was irregular. His lordship held that the provisions of the bait act applied to all our subjects, but explained that there was nothing to prevent the issue of licenses to residents on this coast, a course which would avert the evil consequences, the jury apprehended without injury to the rest of the colony and would tend to preserve harmony between French and English subjects on this coast. The grand jury expressed their satisfaction with the public works here, and with the attention which their representative paid to the wants of the district. The grand jury found a true bill in an indictment for larceny, but the accused parties were acquitted by the petty jury, after hearing the defence. Mr. Greene prosecuted; Messrs. McNelly and Carty defended the prisoners.

CAPE RACE DESPATCH.

CAPE RACE, to-day.

Wind S. E., fresh and dull. A steamer went west last night, and the steamer Curlew went inward at 6.30 a. m. today.

OUR ADVERTISING PATRONS.

Auction—a schooner, &c. R Langrishe-Mare  
Auction—postponed sale. J Hector Henderson  
New fruit, new fruit. Thos Charles  
Steam to Conception Bay. M Tobin  
Choice flours. Geo E Bearns  
Owners of real estate. Jas J Collins  
Anthracite coal. S March & Sons  
Caution to the public. Jas J Rogerson  
Picked up—tradesman's tools. apply this office  
School opening notice. see local column  
Walking match tonight. see local column

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STEAM TO CONCEPTION BAY.

The s.s. Hercules will leave the wharf of M. TOBIN, every FRIDAY, at 10 a. m., for Carbonear and Har. Grace,

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Would call at Bay Roberts and Brigus should sufficient freight offer. For freight and passage apply to Captain on board, or to

sep6,8fp

M. TOBIN.

## AUCTION SALES.

### POSTPONED SALE.

On TUESDAY next, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock, ON THE PREMISES,

A New Dwelling House,

Situate on Bonclody Street, near the LeMarchant Road, the property of Mr. Wm. Whiteway comprising Parlor, Kitchen, Frost-proof Cellar, 3 Bed-rooms &c., together with the yield of a Garden of 500 heads of Cabbage, more or less, to be sold with above premises.

Term 999 Years - Ground Rent \$11.20.

For plan and particulars, apply to

Jas. Hector Henderson, sep2,3i,fp,&tu. Auctioneer, McBride's Hill.

[On account of whom it may concern.]

On THURSDAY Next, at One o'clock, —IN THE—

Commercial Sale-Room, THE ENGLISH SCHOONER

MAGLONA--115 Tons.

Built at Aberdovey, Wales, in 1876, At Lloyd's 13 years, with all her materials, as she now lies wrecked at Mistaken Point, near Trepassy.

—ALSO,—

Cargo now on board said vessel, consisting of:

About 1500 quintals Codfish

Ordered to be sold on account of whom it may concern.

R. LANGRISHE-MARE, sep6 Notary Public.

To be Sold by Public Auction.

At 12 o'clock, noon, 9th day September next, ON THE PREMISES,

ALL THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST OF JOHN SHEPHAN, of, in and to the unexpired term of 34 years in the

DWELLING HOUSE, situate on the west side of Cochrane-street, and adjoining CALLAHAN'S bakery.

Ground rent £4 16s. 0d. Particulars on application to

M. J. O'MARA, aug30,t,th,s&w,fp Solicitor.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST RECEIVED,

per Portia from New York.

BANANAS, PEACHES & PLUMS,

PEARS, GREEN GAGES, WATER MELONS, CELERY, LEMONS, TOMATOES, GRAPES, ORANGES APPLES,

At THOS. CHARLES' sep6,2i,fp Duckworth Street

ANTHRACITE COAL.

Landing, ex steamer Portia from New York,

200 tns Anthracite Coal

BEST LEHIGH.

[FURNACE, CHESTNUT, &c.]

Sent home at current rates.

S. MARCH & SONS. sep6,2i,fp

ON SALE.

150 brls. No. 2 Flour.

AT 20s. PER BARREL.

Warranted Sound & Good.

—ALSO—

500 BARRELS

Superfine and Superior Extra AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

GEORGE E. BEARNS, sep6,2i,fp

Water-street, near Job's.

Owners of Real Estate.

IF YOU HAVE A FARM SITUATED

within two or three miles of the town and wish to sell or lease the same, or if you have

Dwelling Houses or Building Lots situated in or near the following localities:

New Gower street, east, Theatre Hill, Queen's

Road, Long's Hill, King's Road, Centre of

Duckworth street, Brazil's Square, Allan's Square,

British Square, George's street, Princes street or

any other street near the centre of the town, and wish to sell or lease the same, you are invited to

call at my office where your property can be disposed of at short notice and to your satisfaction.

Scarcely a day passes that I don't receive applications for Dwelling Houses and Building Lots in these localities. Please call or write to

JAS. J. COLLINS.

Notary Public and Real Estate Broker, Office: 9 Princes Street. sep6,2m,fp,eod.

## New Advertisements.

Special to Ladies!

A YRE & SONS

are now showing a large assortment of

LADIES' ULSTERS.

In all the Latest Styles and Newest Material.

These they have purchased at unusually low prices, and are selling at a little over half value.

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.

sep3,2i,fp,s&tu

Opening Announcement!

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

MARSHALL & RODGER

(From the late firm of AYRE & MARSHALL)

Beg respectfully to inform the public that they have now received the greater portion of

FIRST SEASON'S IMPORTATION

—AND WILL ON—

THURSDAY NEXT, 8TH INSTANT,

open those centrally-situated premises known as

Thomas's, lately occupied by D. Sclater, Esq.

—with an ENTIRELY NEW and varied assortment of—

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, &c. &c.

N. B. THE ENTIRE STOCK HAS BEEN PERSONALLY SELECTED IN the best markets, and being bought for PROMPT CASH, enables the advertisers to offer all those who may favor them with their patronage, not only the Freshest, but also one of the Cheapest and most desirable stocks to select from in the city.

Observe:--All New Goods.

sep5,3i,fp NOTE THE ADDRESS:--161 WATER STREET.—Inspection Solicited.

Instrumental and Theatrical Concert.

MISS FISHER

(assisted by the best musical talent in St. John's,) will give a Grand Concert

In Athenæum Hall, Thursday Evg., Sept. 8th

PRICES OF ADMISSION—30 AND 40 CENTS.

Tickets to be had at the bookstores of Messrs. Fenelon and Chisholm. sep5,3i

FELT HATS! FELT HATS.

JUST RECEIVED,

Fifty Dozen

Men's and Boy's Felt Hats.

IN ALL THE LEADING STYLES.

aug19

M. MONROE.

Havana Cigars.

Just Received, per steamship Nova Scotian,

10,000 OF THE OLD AND FAVORITE BRAND

"CHRISTINE NILLSON."—Cigars in 50s.

aug26

J. W. FORAN.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Caution to the Public

SYDNEY COAL!

BUYERS ARE CAUTIONED WHO wish for the genuine and only "Sydney Coal" (trade mark registered), which has for half a century won and maintained its well-known reputation of the best coal in the Dominion, which is only shipped from the mines of the General Mining Association at North Sydney, Cape Breton, that coal sold under similar names, such as Sydney "Reserve" Coal, is not the Sydney Coal—does not come from the mines of the Association, who have no reserve seam, but is a totally different seam of coal mined on the opposite side of the harbor, some fifteen miles from the Old Sydney Mines, and has no more connection with the genuine "Sydney Coal" than any other of the new mines in Cape Breton.

CUNARD & MORROW.

Agents General Mining Ass., Limited. JAMES J. ROGERSON, sep6,3m,w,s Agent for Newfoundland.

C. B. RANKIN

Estate Broker.

OFFICE: No. 5 McBRIDE'S HILL.

Particular attention given to the Sale and Lease of Property. sep1,1m,1w,fp



NEWFOUNDLAND.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Office, until noon on THURSDAY, the 15th day of September next, for

Two Suitable Steamers,

Composite built, fitted to contend with ice for the Postal Service, North, South and West of St. John's, and to be employed on any other Public Service that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, direct.

The Boat for the Northern Service must be about 750 tons, gross measurement, 180 feet long, 30 feet beam, draft of water not to exceed 13 feet when loaded; to have accommodation for 60 Cabin and 90 Steerage Passengers. The Service will be Nineteen Fortnightly Trips North, in each year, commencing about the 1st MAY, 1888, and on the same date in subsequent years.

The Boat for the South and West Service must be about 600 tons, gross measurement, 160 feet long 28 feet beam; draft same as above, to have accommodation for 40 Cabin and 70 Steerage Passengers. The service will be Twenty-six Fortnightly Trips, South and West, in each year, commencing about 1st MAY, 1888.

Both Steamers to Class A 1 at Lloyd's (England), for Fifteen Years, and to have a speed of at least 12 knots.

The Contract to be for a Term of 13 years to be computed from the term of commencement of the service.

Tenders to specify the rate per round trip at which each service will be performed.

TENDERS will also be received for a Boat similar in size, accommodation and speed to the Boat required for the Northern Coastal Service, to run between St. John's and Halifax fortnightly, during the Winter Months, (say 7 round trips), commencing in January 1888.

The Contract for this Service may be combined with that for the Northern Coastal Service and be performed by same Boat.

Tenders to specify the rate per round trip at which the Service will be performed.

Further particulars may be had on application to this Office.

M. FENELON,

Colonial Secretary. COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, St. John's, Newfoundland, 12th May, 1887. 2i, w

St. Michael's Bazaar.

THE BAZAAR IN AID OF SAINT Michael's Orphanage, will be held in November next, the exact date of which has not yet been determined. Ladies who have kindly consented to be table-holders, and their assistants, will accept this intimation and make the necessary preparation. ang24

JUST RECEIVED,

—AND FOR SALE—

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, 500 Packages

Wrapping Paper.

T. & J. GRACE,

sep1 260 Water Street.

PICKED UP.

YESTERDAY, ON WATER STREET, a bag containing Tradesman's Tools. The owner can have same by proving property and paying advertising. Apply at the COLONIST office. sep6,1i

Wanted Immediately

A General Servant

sep5,2i,fp Apply at the COLONIST office.

Wanted--A Housemaid,

Apply to

MRS. McGRATH, Tremont Hotel.

sep8,8i



## Sir Julian Goldsmid and Dr. Tanner.

## DR. TANNER A MISUNDERSTOOD MAN.

## His Opinion of Sir Julian Goldsmid.

The following appears in the *St. Paneras Guardian* under the above heading: Dr. Tanner is a much misunderstood man. When his name is mentioned the imagination of many who do not know him is apt to conjure up a tall, raw-boned, red-headed, Milesian, with an upper lip three inches long, and a brogue as thick as a wall. He is supposed to be eternally on the rampage, railing against the "base, brutal, and bloody" Saxon, and daring every mother's son of them to thread on the tail of his coat. Nothing could be further from the truth.

The doctor is a middle-aged, middle-sized, full-blooded, fashionably-dressed, good-looking man, with an impetuous temper, quick sympathies, and a good heart. The son of an eminent physician in Cork, he was educated in the Queen's College in that city, at Winchester, at Berlin, and at Leipzig. He took high medical degrees at the end of his student's term, and holds a high place in his profession in Cork. His name implies his English descent, but like many other English-descended men in Ireland, he has become "more Irish than the Irish themselves." Until 1885—two short years ago—Dr. Tanner moved in the "best" society in Cork, mingling with the members of the Orange landlord ascendancy party as one of themselves by birth, by training, and by religion—a fact that should not be lost sight of when his indiscreet use of the "big, big D" is put down to the discredit of the Irish National party. No other member of that party commits himself in that respect; but then, no other member has grown up amidst such associations. In 1885, moved by the misery he saw around him on every hand wrought by the system of rackrenting landlordism, which, like a deadly upas tree, blighted every life within its influence, Dr. Tanner spoke out his manly mind on the treatment of Irish tenants. Not satisfied with giving vent to his feelings in private, he even went farther, and did so in public, and from that moment his landlord associates—who so heartily hate boycotting that they ask for a Coercion Act to suppress it—boycotted Dr. Tanner. Because he denounced the legalised robbery by which millions of Irishmen have been ruined in the past, and hundreds of thousands are still being ruined today, he offended against the landlord's notion of loyalty to the sovereign (don't print the last word with a capital S, Mr. Compositor, as the landlord "loyalty" in Ireland is only nominally to the Sovereign on the throne, and really to the sovereigns in current coin in their pockets) and was immediately expelled from all their clubs, shut out from their social gatherings, crippled in his practice and banned as a pariah. It does not pay a Protestant professional man with a landlord connection to speak for the general good of Ireland. Knowing, as he does, with an inside knowledge, the light in which Irish landlords regard their tenants; seeing around him the results of the Irish land system in a starving peasantry, heartrending eviction scenes month after month, crowded unions, and thousands of the strongest of Irish men and women forced to leave the land of their birth weekly to seek the sustenance in strange lands that is denied them by misrule at home, can it be wondered at that the heart of a generous man like Tanner should rise in his gorge against landlords and landlordism? Can it be wondered at that his indignant blood should be up in hot anger against these politicians who, in their ignorance of Ireland, upheld a system so disastrous to Ireland and to the Empire? But anent Sir Julian Goldsmid. I met the learned Doctor in the Strand on the Thursday evening his case was before the House of Commons, and within half an hour after the debate had closed. He was still flushed with excitement, and ready to open his heart to any sympathetic friend. He opened it to me, and his heart, like his general appearance, was unmistakably that of a true gentleman. Before he spoke a word, I knew by the humorous twinkle of his eyes that he was pleased with the result of the debate, however matters had gone. We know now that the unpleasant incident closed by his explanation being accepted on the withdrawal of the objectionable words. A cad would have blustered and swaggered on the subject to his acquaintance; a gentleman would show that he felt in private what he had expressed in public. Dr. Tanner, true to his nature, admitted that the epithets he had used were inexcusable, and that he regretted their use. After speaking of several incidents in the debate, he went on to say:—"There was one thing that I shall never forget. Sir Julian Goldsmid spoke up for me. Some time ago I unintentionally said something to offend him. He's a very gentlemanly fellow, and, without putting it into words, he let me see that if I chose to forget myself, he didn't. He's a liberal unionist, so I didn't care a pin at the time; but when he spoke in my favor this afternoon, I felt I could never treat him like that again. I couldn't do it. I couldn't find it in my heart to do it;

and I can never forget the way he acted today. If this be not the language of a gentleman, I don't know what is. I feel sure that if Sir Julian but knew the doctor's present sentiments towards him—he would think them as creditable to the honorable and learned member as gratifying to himself. The Tories were not so magnanimous as Sir Julian. Dr. Tanner is their special bete noire, and they would have suspended him for a month if the speaker had not summarily brought the case to a close. The Doctor is regarded as a renegade from the Tory party; he returns the jeers and scoffs of well-dined Tories with interest, and, worse than all, he blocks the Tory bills. Liberal names backing a bill secure its safety from the Doctor's block, but no Tory can escape. The reason of this peculiar action is not so much to express the Doctor's dislike to Tories and their measures, as to obtain a hearing for Irish measures which the Tories have blocked. They are fully aware that Dr. Tanner is ready at any moment to make an "interchange of prisoners"—that is to say, that if the Tories will agree to remove their block from an Irish Bill, in the passing of which Irish members are interested, Dr. Tanner is open to remove his block from a Tory measure. This interchange of prisoners has been made again and again; but while the doctor has always been true to his word in removing his block, English Tory members have not always kept their words as gentlemen and removed theirs. I happen to know of more than one instance of this. Dr. Tanner blocked the Open Spaces (London) Bill when he found that Capt. Columb had blocked the Open Spaces (Dublin) Bill. Negotiations were opened between these two to effect a mutual removal. Dr. Tanner removed his block, but no sooner had Captain Columb removed his than another Tory member blocked the Irish Bill. Yes, Dr. Tanner is a much misunderstood man, but what I have written may open the eyes of the readers of this paper, at least to his true character as a generous, good-hearted, and genial—if somewhat impetuous—Irish gentleman.—*Nation*.

## THE PEACE MEMORIAL.

## John Bright's Opinion of an Arbitration Treaty.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—John Bright, writing to secretary Jones of the London Peace society deputation going to the United States to present the memorial to President Cleveland in favor of the establishment of an international arbitration treaty, says:—"There is talk of a permanent arbitration treaty between the United States and England. The project on reasonable discussion may lead to its adoption, if the government of the United States will in any way signify its willingness to become a party to such a treaty. There is a force of good men with us to induce our government to consent. If this be done it will be a grand step forward in the world's march, to be followed in some not distant time, by other nations willing to escape the sorry burden of military armaments. Two hundred members of the house of commons have signed the arbitration memorial. But far more than this number will be ready to urge the acceptance of the treaty upon our government. If the action taken at Washington be favorable to the success of the scheme, England and the United States will still remain two nations, but would have them always regard themselves one people. An arbitration treaty, honestly made and adhered to, would tend much to bring about this blessed result."

## A Startling Prediction.

Two hundred years ago in China there was just such a craze about natural gas as we have in this country today. Gas wells were sunk with such vim and vigor as the Celestials were capable of, but owing to a gas explosion that killed several millions of people and tore up and destroyed a large district of country, leaving a large inland sea, known on the maps as Lake Foo Chang, the boring of any more gas wells was then and there prohibited by law. It seems, according to the Chinese history, that many large and heavy pressure gas wells were struck, and in some districts wells were quite near each other. Gas was lighted as soon as struck, as is done in this country. It is stated that one well with its unusual pressure, by induction or back draught, pulled down into the earth the burning gas of a smaller well, resulting in a dreadful explosion of a large district, destroying the inhabitants thereof. Lake Foo Chang rests on this district. The same catastrophe is imminent in this country, unless the laws restrict further developments in boring so many wells.

Should a similar explosion occur there will be such an upheaval as will dwarf the most terrible earthquakes ever known. The country along the gas belt from Toledo through Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky will be ripped up to the depth of 1,200 to 1,500 feet and flopped over like a pancake, leaving a chasm through which Lake Erie will come howling down, filling the Ohio and Mississippi valleys and blotting them out forever.—*Cincinnati Commercial Gazette*.

## COAL! COAL!

NOW LANDING EX ROSEMARY  
—at the Wharf of—  
**JOHN STEER**  
A CARGO OF PRIME

## Round Sydney Coal.

Sent home cheap to dispatch vessel.  
spt3,3i,t,th,s.

## M. &amp; J. TOBIN.

Have just received their Fall Stock of  
**Groceries, Provisions and  
HARDWARE.**

which they offer at lowest cash prices. We enumerate the following, viz.:  
Tea, Coffee, Molasses, Bread, Flour, Pork, Loins, Jowls, Corn Beef, Sauces, Pickles, Spices, &c.

## WROUGHT, GALVANIZED &amp; CUT NAILS.

Hatchets (I. H. Sorby's), Axes (Underhill), Spear & Jackson, Atkins's and other Saw's Hammers, Chisels, Gouges, Locks, Screws, Nuts and Bolts; and, a small consignment of "Dales," invaluable for Hoof Ointment.

170 and 171 Duckworth-street (Beach).  
aug27

**M. & J. TOBIN.**

129, Water Street. 129.

WE ARE NOW OFFERING A  
**COSTUME CLOTH, 6d per yard**  
Fancy Dress Goods, from 6d per yard  
Plain Dress Goods, from 6d per yard  
Pound Cottons, from 7d per lb  
Pound Velveteens in all colors; Flounce Lace  
Black-headed Lace; Cotton Hose from 6d per pair  
Job lot Sateens, from 6d per yard  
Job lot Corsets, from 1s 6d pair  
Men's Shoes, from 7s 6d pair  
Men's Tweed Suits, from 23s 6d  
Men's Pants from 4s 6d  
Men's Paper Collars, 4s per one hundred  
Men's White Shirts, from 3s 6d each  
aug25.

## R. HARVEY.

## The September Part

OF THE YOUNG LADIES' JOURNAL  
Routledge's World Library, (various Nos.)  
Cassell's National Library (various Nos.)  
Boys of England, Vol. 42.  
Morley's Universal Library, Vol. 52.  
Alan Quartermain, by H. R. Haggard.  
Sports that Kill, by T. DeWitt Talmage.  
Crumba Sweep Up, by T. DeWitt Talmage.  
Sermons, Vol. 1, to VII, by T. DeWitt Talmage.  
Great Joy, by D. L. Moody.  
Liberalism in Religion, by W. Page Roberts.  
Life of Queen Victoria, by Miss Young.  
Also, latest English newspapers.

## J. F. Chisholm.

aug24

## Summer Songs, Autumn Melodies, Winter

## Anthems and Spring Carols.

by the thousand and hundred thousand, are found on the shelves of our great music stores. If not "bursting into song," they are at least fully weighted with the best and most popular music of the day.

It is in vain to give any idea of the wealth of our Sheet Music catalogue by any series of advertisements. Persons wishing to select will please send for lists or catalogues, or call at "Ditson" stores (Boston, New York or Philadelphia), or examine music with Ditson & Co.'s imprint in any respectable music store.

New music and books are faithfully and accurately described in Ditson & Co.'s *Musical Record*, a monthly costing but \$1.00 per year, which dollar is amply repaid to every music purchaser in the information conveyed the good Vocal and Instrumental music and well made reading columns of this monthly magazine.

We mention, as prominent music books to be used the ensuing season: *Jehovah's Praise*, \$1.00, a fine Church music-book by Emerson; *New Spiritual Songs*, 35 cts, by Tenney & Hoffman, and the *Children's Diadem*, 30 cts., a new and very bright Sunday-school song-book.

**OLIVER DITSON & CO., BOSTON.**  
aug18

## Cheese. Cheese.

## JUST RECEIVED,

ex ss Bonavista from Montreal,

## CANADIAN CHEESE,

{ A very choice article. }  
{ Wholesale and retail. }

## Canad'n Oatmeal-cheap

J. J. O'REILLY,  
aug1,tf 290 Water-St., 43 & 45 King's Road.

## Gordon House.

No. 97, WATER STREET,  
St. John's, Newfoundland.

## MRS. WILLIAM GAZE

(Of London, England), Proprietor.

This House, formerly in the occupancy of the late J. C. TOUSSAINT, Esq., has been recently thoroughly repaired and refitted, and now contains all the modern appliances and comforts of a first-class English home, providing excellent accommodation for—

## PERMANENT &amp; TRANSIENT BOARDERS

Terms Moderate.  
jy27,1m,eod

## J. M. LYNCH,

Auctioneer - and - Commission - Agent,  
**BECK'S COVE.**

dec 15

## New Advertisements.

## LINOLEUM! - LINOLEUM!

We are opening today some very pretty patterns of  
**DURABLE FLOOR COVERING.**

These are the latest English designs, and come from the celebrated manufactory at Staines.

Newfoundland Furniture & Moulding Co.,  
G. H. & C. E. ARCHIBALD.

## A. P. Jordan,

Has Just Received per s.s. Nova Scotian from Liverpool, a New Stock of

## THIS SEASON'S TEAS.

AND FROM OTHER IMPORTATIONS:

A Large and well Assorted Stock of Provisions and Groceries.—Also

FANCY BISCUITS, viz.—Soda, Boston, Pilot, Sugar, Lemon, Fruit, Ginger-Snaps, Brighton, Windsor, &c, and 30 Firkins Dairy Butter (new). A very fine assortment of Cigars, (Selling at unusually low rates). Soaps in every variety.

A FEW BOXES OF ELECTRIC SOAP. MACARONI (in 2lb. tins, &c.)

50 very fine iron bedsteads (new styles). Ships' stores supplied at the shortest notice.

A. P. J. Has made Extensive improvements in his Stores, and is prepared, at the lowest rates, to give every attention to customers, and a liberal discount made to wholesale purchasers. An early call is solicited, and every satisfaction guaranteed.

aug31/

A. P. JORDAN, 178 & 180 Water-st.

## Grand - Drawing - of - Prizes

(FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONVENT, HARBOR BRITON.)

Will take place on the 26th December, 1887.

Prize 1—A 20-Dollar Note—gift of a friend.	Prize 6—A Silver Cruet Stand.
Prize 2—A China Tea Set.	Prize 7—A Beautiful Clock.
Prize 3—A Silver Fish Knife, Fork and Case—gift of a friend.	Prize 8—A Set of Lace Curtains.
Prize 4—A Handsome Coal Vase.	Prize 9—An Electroplated Teapot.
Prize 5—A Silver Butter Cooler—gift of a friend.	Prize 10—An Oil Painting—"Ecce Homo"
	Prize 11—A Silver Butter Cooler.
	Prize 12—An Elegantly-Bound Album.

Also, a number of other valuable and useful prizes.

Tickets: - - - - - One Shilling each.

\*A complimentary ticket will be presented to purchasers or sellers of twenty tickets.  
Winning numbers will be published in the DAILY COLONIST.  
une27,fp,tf

## Standard Marble Works.

287, New Gower Street, St. John's, Newfoundland.

I invite the public to inspect my large and very excellent stock

—OF—

HEADSTONES, MONUMENTS, TOMBS, MANTELPieces, &c

At rates sufficiently reasonable to defy competition. I guarantee solid stock and the best of workmanship. Export orders solicited. Designs cheerfully furnished by letter or otherwise.

ap20,3m,fp,w&s

JAMES MCINTYRE.

Prices! - Jubilee - Prices!

Genuine Singer Sewing Machine!

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Beware of Bogus Agents and Spurious Imitations.

To SUIT THE Bad Times,

we have reduced the price of all our sewing machines. We call the attention of Tailors and Shoemakers to our Singer No. 2, that we can now sell at a very low figure; in fact, the prices of all our Genuine Singers, now, will surprise you. We warrant every machine for over five years.

The Genuine Singer is doing the work of Newfoundland. No one can do with a Singer.

1st. Uses the shortest needle of any lock-stitch machine.

2nd—Carries a finer needle with given size thread

3d. Uses a greater number of sizes of thread with one size needle.

4th. Will close a seam tighter with thread linen than any other machine will with silk.

Old machines taken in exchange. Machines on easy monthly payments.

**M. F. SMYTH, Agent for Newfoundland.**

Sub-Agents: RICH'D. J. McGRATH, Littlebay; JOHN HARTEY, Hr. Grace; JOHN T. DUNPHY, Placentia.

jy8

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## Select Story.

## Wedded and Doomed!

By author of "Set in Diamonds."

## CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued.)

"What is it, Undine?" he asked.

"What is the matter?"

"Nothing but the heat," she said, but her voice trembled as she spoke. "I will go and the look at once."

"Oh, Heaven! what shall I do?" she cried, when she found herself alone. "What have I done?—what will become of me? I must have been mad—worse than mad!"

She found the book and took it to him. Her mother and Haidee were talking earnestly and did not notice when she returned. Her face was still pale and her eyes full of fear.

"I have found it, papa," she said.

He took it from her hands and opened it; he read the address—Raoul L'Estrange. Then she mustered courage, but her heart beat so quickly she could hardly hear the sound of her own voice.

"Shall you tell him you are going to leave, papa?" she asked, and in that moment of suspense that passed before he answered.

"No," he replied. "I shall not mention our going to anyone. I would rather not for many reasons. After keeping the secret of your mother's birth for so many years, it will be foolish to reveal it now and here. I shall merely write to say that I have more horses to sell."

And Undine breathed more freely. If the letter said anything about their going, and was forwarded to him, she knew that he would not lose an hour in coming to claim her, and it must not be yet—dear Heaven—not yet. She wanted time to think of it, to accustom herself to the idea.

It was easy to be seen that the peaceful rest—the blessing and charm of content, was ended at the farm; everyone seemed more or less restless. In the ordinary course of things, the great change in Undine could not have escaped notice—her restless excitement—her nervousness at every sound—her terror at the sudden entrance of anyone—the constant changes in her face—the flushing, the paling—would have betrayed her, but that every one was pre-occupied and thoughtful. The peaceful rest was ended—the calm home-life broken; it was never to be quite the same again. When they met now it was to discuss what they should probably do when they reached England.

"England seems the real home to me," said Haidee, one day to her sister. "Oh, Undine, who would—who could have thought that so strange a fate as this would have happened to us?"

"I am not surprised," said Undine. "I have always had a curious sensation as of something unusual happening. I wish with all my heart we had known it before."

"I do not," said Haidee. "I have enjoyed the surprise, and if we had known it all along this would have been no surprise."

And Undine thought to herself if she had known, she should never have made the mistake she had made, and which nothing could ever undo.

## CHAPTER XIV.

It was the morning after her arrival that Undine thought more than she had done before of her marriage. Her father and mother were discussing some little household matter on which they did not agree, and Nigel Fielden was urging patiently with Lynette, patiently and laughingly; in the midst of it, Nigel said.

"Now, do you remember my wife?" and it was the word "wife" that struck Undine so forcibly. "Wife!" Her mother was a wife, happy, honored, not afraid of anyone, with no secret cankering at her heart, and she, Undine, herself, was a wife; but what a wife! No one knew of her marriage, no one had seen or knew her husband except her father—a wife with her wedding-ring hidden around her neck. How most bitterly she repented how she wished the deed undone. She could not imagine of what she had been thinking, of how she had allowed herself to be persuaded into such a measure. Could it be possible that after a few words spoken in that old church,

almost without the knowledge of what they were, had bound her for life? It seemed incredible.

"Oh, why did I let him marry me?" she thought. If it had been only an engagement, if a lover had been coming to claim her, it would have been so different. She trembled when she thought of her husband coming to the farm—her husband!—the man she had married without hardly knowing him. The idea was terrible to her.

"What must I do?—what can I do?" were the words that ever rang through her brain.

Strange to say there were times when she quite forgot it, when in the long animated conversations that took place between them as to what should be done when they went back to England, she forgot that voluntarily—by her own act and deed—she had severed herself from them, and had given herself to another. She had fancied that during these few weeks of waiting for her husband's return, she should spend her time in pleasant dreams of him, in thinking of him, in watching for him, instead of which, she is tortured with the very madness of impatience whenever he comes into her mind. She wondered much how what she had done would look in the eyes of other people. One morning she had gone with Haidee to the garden, her mother wanted to take some dry rose leaves away with her, and she wanted the roses gathered while the sun shone on them and they were quite dry and warm.

She asked the girls if they would go this morning and gather them for her. Many of the rich red roses had fallen to the ground, and the girls stood most ankle deep in the red leaves; the warmth of the sun drew out the rich exquisite perfume, which delighted Haidee, but which turned Undine faint and ill; it brought back so forcibly the great bouquet of red roses that her husband had brought to her on her wedding morn, roses that were lying ruined and dead in the old church now.

"Is the perfume too strong for you, Undine?" asked Haidee, her pretty hands so busy among the crimson leaves.

"Yes," she replied, "it makes me feel ill."

"Then you sit down, dear, I will do them all myself; I did them last year; I will work doubly hard. You have never seemed quite well, Undine, since you came back from Mrs. Grant's; you have lost so much of your beautiful color, or, is it that the news from England disturbed you?"

"The news from England, if anything," said Undine; "I was well enough at Mrs. Grant's."

Oh, foolish, beautiful mornings spent by the briny waves; oh, foolish, beautiful evenings spent on the golden sands. She had been well enough then; the smell of the rich red roses did not turn her faint in those days. Haidee went on talking simple, girlish fashion; Undine was asking herself how her folly and sin would look in the eyes of other people. She wanted to know what Haidee would think of it; she could rest no longer without she knew. She began a conversation which she could easily turn to that account.

"Haidee," she said, "the story of mamma's marriage is quite a romance."

"Quite a poem too," replied her sister.

"It was not what people would call a secret marriage, although it was never spoken of to the Estmeres."

"A secret marriage!" repeated Haidee, with fine, lofty scorn. "Certainly not! Do you think mamma would, under any circumstances, have condescended to anything so—so horrible?"

"Horrible!" repeated Undine, faintly; "why do you call it horrible, Haidee?" she asked.

"It is; no girl with any self-respect would ever make a secret marriage," said Haidee.

"There might be circumstances that would make it necessary," said Undine, "or that would excuse it."

"Never," said Haidee; "I have never known anything of secret marriages, but I should think they only take place when the man who marries is ashamed of the girl, or the girl is ashamed of the man."

"Do you not think that it may be sometimes from love?" asked Undine.

"No. I read yesterday, and the words struck me, that 'love never degrades its object.' I thought they were grand words,"

(to be continued.)

## Notice to Mariners

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P. E. BOWEN,

Editor of the Colonist, St. John's Nfld.

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Authorized Capital.....£3,000,000  
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Paid-up Capital.....500,000

II.—FIRE FUND.  
Reserve.....£844,576 19 11  
Premium Reserve.....362,188 18 3  
Balance of profit and loss act.....67,895 12 6

III.—LIFE FUND.  
Accumulated Fund (Life Branch).....£3,274,835 19 1  
Do. Fund (Annuity Branch).....473,147 3 2  
£3,747,983 2 3

REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1882.  
FROM THE LIFE DEPARTMENT.  
Nett Life Premiums and Interest.....£469,075 5 3  
Annuity Premiums (including £108,992 2 4 by single payment) and interest.....124,717 7 1  
£593,792 13 4

FROM THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.  
Nett Fire Premiums and Interest.....£1,157,073 14 0  
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## Daily Colonist.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1887.

## The Collection last Sunday.

There was some slight mistake, for which we are not blamable, in the amount of the St. Michael's orphanage collection as published by us yesterday. At the request of the Sisters of the orphanage we give below the exact figures:—

Cathedral.....	£203 10 0
Riverhead.....	52 10 0
Kilbride.....	9 10 0

Total.....£265 10 0

## Death of Sister Martha, at Presentation Convent, Riverhead.

On yesterday morning the good Sisters of the Presentation Convent, Riverhead, lost a most useful member of their community in the death of lay Sister Martha—in the world, Sarah Webb. The deceased Sister had been ailing only a few days; but during that time her sufferings were great. She was well prepared for the end we must all face, sooner or later, and we pray that her lot is among the blessed.

An Office and High Mass will be sung, in St. Patrick's Church, on Wednesday, at 10 a.m., for the repose of the soul of Sister Martha. The funeral will take place after the Mass. May she rest in peace.

## A POLITICAL ORGANIZATION SUGGESTED.

A correspondent suggests that the electors of St. John's East should hold a convention, or meeting, to consider the political requirements of the district; and after deciding upon a policy, or, as our neighbors of the United States would say, a platform, they should then nominate a standard bearer of recognized "ability and trustworthiness" to represent the principles, or policy, approved of by the convention. This system works well in the United States; and, after a while, we see no reason why it would not work well here. There are several questions discussed, from time to time, in the press, and little or no good seems to come from these discussions. Much time, temper, to say nothing of good ink and paper, are spent or wasted in these fruitless discussions. They generally degenerate into mere personalities, which promote neither private nor public good. If the people themselves would come together and take up such questions as municipal institutions, retrenchment in public expenditures, popular education, encouragement of our home industries, and such other questions as would advance the general interests of the community, then substantial progress would be made in procuring these reforms.

We will refer to this matter more fully in a subsequent issue of this paper; and, in the meanwhile, without committing ourselves to all of his views, we give prominence to the publication of our correspondent's letter.

SIR,—As the St. John's papers are discussing the candidature of several persons for the seat vacated by the acceptance of Sir Ambrose Shea to the governorship of the Bahamas, I would thank you for space to make a few remarks, through the columns of the COLONIST on the subject. Some correspondents support the candidature of Mr. R. J. Parsons very strongly. To Mr. Parsons, personally, I have no objection; but I think, however, the time when interests, other than the profession of the law, should be represented more fully than they are in the legislative halls of our country. The law is a noble profession, and I do not object to a fair proportion of the disciples of Blackstone being in the legislature; but a glance at the constitution of the present house of assembly will show that lawyers occupy twenty-five per cent. of the total number of members. Out of a house of thirty-six members there are nine lawyers; namely, Messrs. McNeily, Scott, Emerson, O'Mara, Carty, Bond, Morris, Morine, and last, though not least, Murphy.

Whilst the lawyers number one-fourth of the whole number of the, we find that the great mechanical and manufacturing interests of the colony are represented by one member—Mr. J. J. Callahan. Is this right? Is this as it should be? I think not; and for that reason it is the duty of the mechanics of the metropolitan district to take time by the forelock and see that they are represented by one of themselves.

A convention, in my opinion, should be called for the purpose of considering a policy, having in view the encouragement of our home industries, and the general development of the trade and resources of the country. When this is decided upon then a standard bearer of ability and trustworthiness should be selected; and if there is no mechanic or tradesman in the district of St. John's East fit to represent, espouse, and advance their interests, we may fall back on the legal profession for a candidate; but believing that we have men amongst our mechanical and manufacturing and fishing industries capable of representing us, we should give one of ourselves the preference.

Yours truly,

HOME INDUSTRY.

St. John's East, Sept. 5.

## THE POLICE COURT.

## MURRAY'S MERRY MONDAY MORNING.

With knowing wink and tip Masonic, In accents low, with speech laconic, Down through the engine telephonic, He called for bottles two—Botonic.

"It is a weary world," said No. 1, as he gazed steadfastly at his nails, which were in the deepest mourning, as he leaned over the bar yesterday morning, at five minutes past 11 o'clock. He was a sad-eyed, pensive man, and had not been caught in the court-house of a Monday for many weeks. The charge against him was not a very serious one. He had simply been found walking in a pedestrian tournament, with imaginary opponents. "Yes, Your Worship," said the officer, "he persisted in running round and round the post-office, at the still midnight hour, and he thought he was on the New Era Grounds. He would occasionally clap himself on the back and then 'spurt it' for the home stretch." "You are ordinarily a sober man," said his Honor; "how came you to be acting in this manner?" "Well, your Worship, I hadn't tasted anything since the day after the races, till Saturday last, and I was caught before I knew it. I went into a house up town, to transact some business with a friend. He drew my attention to an electric waiter that was connected with the bar below. I was so lost in admiration of the arrangement that I swallowed one of the bottles that came up by it before I remembered that I had the pledge. The last I remember is telling my friend I could beat any one of the men who walked on the New Era Grounds in the last race. I suppose this must have been in my head when I was found by the officer." A larger crowd than usual listened, outside the bar, to the morning's business. Previous to their entry they had talked on various subjects, but the principal topic had been the elections to come off in the East-End this fall. Various speculations were indulged in, as to who would be the coming man; but on one point all seemed to agree, which was: the vacancy should be filled by a practical mechanic, supported by the Home Industries Society. A solitary young lady, of about fourteen summers, in a dress of blue, was the only object which met the gaze on the street near the court-house. She was engaged in the filial act of bringing home the three-quarter boots of her aged sire, which had just been half-soled and heeled by Mr. Daley the shoemaker. She sang a low refrain about "buttercups and daisies," and the wind, toying carelessly with her yellow hair, made her look like an unpedestalled Grecian Goddess on a spree. The younger portion of the crowd by the court-house sighed as she disappeared from their view. Inside, Sergeant Sparrow occupied the chair beneath the throne. Officer Sparrow is the handsomest man in the force, and he filled the position with dignity and modesty. "Well, No. 1," said the Judge, "as the charge against you is not a very serious one, you can go." No. 2 came up, and a youth of twenty-four laid the second button of his vest on the bar. He said he was a resident of Gover-street, and gets long boots, and hooks and lines, and grapnels, and mooring gear, on tick, and catches a few fish occasionally to procure his daily product of the bakery. He was charged with wanting to go to rest on a ladder on the roof of a house on Saturday night last. An officer, out of regard for the ladder on the roof, lifted the young man to the lock-up; he was let go. No. 3, on being called, placed his well-worn bluchers on the velvet pile carpet under the bar. Anticipating that he may be sent down, he gave his tobacco and knife, and a photograph of his wife, which he had in his pocket, to a pal who sat behind him. He looked up in the face of his Worship, and on being asked, gave his age as thirty-nine, and admitted that he devoured his daily breaves in the classic precincts of Carter's-hill. He works on wharves and whitewashes houses during summer, and tells lies about big trips of fat, and drinks halves hot, in saloons, during winter. He was charged with wanting to swim on the pavement on Saturday night, thinking he was down to Chainrock. The officer didn't like his stroke, and the probabilities are he didn't like the officer's stroke, but he walked quietly to the lock-up. His Honor let him go. No. 4 gave his age as nineteen, and bided with his parents on the King's-road. When not loafing and swimming he works on wharves. He was charged with challenging the hose-carriage outside the Drill-shed. The officers backed him down. His Honor, being in pleasant mood, in anticipation of the shooting season, let him go.

After the work to which the day is sacred, and the celebration of those lustral ceremonies which are enjoyed, had been finished, a case of a more serious nature came on—Fitzpatrick versus Fitzpatrick for assault. The parties live at Petty Harbor, and the plaintiff stood in the relation of sister-at-law with the defendant. She said defendant struck her. Defendant said he did not. The Judge said he did, and ought not; also casually remarking: "Five dollars or ten days." Mr. Frank Morris appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Parsons for the defendant.

The court adjourned at 12.30 o'clock.

## The Cardinal Archbishop of Sydney on Loyalty.

About one hundred and fifty Catholic Volunteers were present at the Jubilee Church parade at St. Mary's Cathedral, Sydney, on Sunday afternoon, June 19th. Cardinal Moran, Archbishop of Sydney, gave Benediction and preached a sermon on "Loyalty to the Throne," which, in face of an attempt to cast doubts on the loyalty of Catholics in New South Wales—an attempt which utterly failed after leading to an all-night sitting in the Legislative Assembly of the colony, at which the loyalty of Catholics was warmly defended against the snares laid for it by the orange faction—will be read with interest. His Eminence addressed the Volunteers as follows:—

The religious parade by which you today celebrate her Majesty's Jubilee feast, brings with it a special significance that it joyously proclaims your loyalty to her who holds the sceptre of empire in these realms, and associates you with bishops and clergy, and all her devoted subjects who throughout these Australian colonies offer the tribute of thanksgiving to God in a united chorus of jubilant exultation. To many persons, indeed, at the present day, loyalty is little better than an empty name. They regard it solely in the light of interest; and in a spirit of selfishness they cherish it just as far as it contributes to their individual wealth and welfare. Yet even in this lowest standard of loyalty there is much to be said why these colonies should rejoice and give thanks to God when we look to the great things which have been achieved and the marvellous progress which has been made during the fifty years of her Majesty's reign. The nation has grown in wealth and power and stateliness and majesty; the commerce of the colony has been developed, and the material resources have been multiplied a thousandfold. Above all this the broad and solid foundations of future greatness have been laid by the assertion of the rights and privileges of individual liberty and constitutional freedom. And what shall I say of the victories which have been won in the sacred cause of religious toleration, religious equality, religious liberty? To find a parallel for the peaceful triumphs thus achieved by Catholic truth during the past fifty years, it will not do to look at the history of England of the last century, or of three centuries ago. We must go back to those golden ages of faith, when religion and liberty went hand in hand, when religion was the safe guardian and bulwark of freedom, and when true Christian liberty was the brightest aureola of the temporal glory of religion. All this progress, which no Australian patriot can contemplate without gratitude and joy, as it bears the seal, so shall it in all future ages be associated with the appropriate name of Victoria Regina. There is, moreover, a something which I may call personal loyalty, which has won for the present august occupant of the throne the affection of her subjects beyond many of her predecessors, and from this, in no small degree, proceeds the earnestness with which the present jubilee feast is celebrated throughout the empire. Her Majesty has herself been the first to set an example to her subjects of duty and loyalty to God. It is a cheering thing in this age of indifference, and at a time when infidelity so widely prevails, to find that her Majesty, when inviting all the citizens of the realm to unite with her in celebrating the jubilee feast, first of all, "desires to render thanks to Almighty God for many mercies vouchsafed during her reign, and for the loyalty of her faithful subjects throughout her dominions." All praise to her Majesty for this avowal of her loyalty to God. Throughout those fifty years of sovereignty her blamelessness of life has shed a halo of light around her crown, and diffused a pure and radiant influence even to the remotest hamlets and homesteads of the realm. But above and beyond such personal devotedness and such interested loyalty, there is that higher and more earnest and unswerving loyalty to the throne which moral duty commands, and which that law dictates of which conscience is the silent monitor, the same eternal law which guides the heavens in their course:—

"Stern law-giver! yet Thou dost wear The Godhead's most benignant grace; Nor know we anything so fair As is the smile upon Thy face; Flowers laugh before Thee on their beds, And fragrance in Thy footing treads; Thou dost preserve the stars from wrong, And the most ancient heavens, through Thee, are fresh and strong."

But it is the religious aspect of loyalty that I would particularly wish to set before you; that loyalty which our divine Saviour teaches, and which the princes of the apostles in a special way commend to the children of the Holy Church. There was a factious party in Jerusalem, disloyal in heart, and ever seeking for opportunities to stir up dissensions against the ruling powers. These were egged on by the enemies of our Lord to interrogate Him as to the political duty which the Jewish chosen people of God owed to the pagan emperors of Rome. They insidiously propose the question, Master, is it lawful for us Jews to pay tribute to the Roman Caesar? Our Saviour, in reply, takes occasion from their insidious question to lay down the golden rule, which shall guide His Church till the end of time, "Give to Caesar those things that are

Cesar's, but give to God what belongs to God." That is to say, the freedom which I preach is the freedom of the heart, freedom from spiritual bondage, the liberty of conscience, which in the sight of God makes us truly free. No man can impose fetters upon the Christian soul which shall ever offer a free homage to the Creator. But we cannot be faithful to this very homage which we owe to God unless we show to the temporal ruler by the loyalty, honor, and obedience which are his due. Thus the political and religious spheres were for ever set in their own place. They were to be ever harmonious though distinct. Loyalty to the throne is not in conflict with loyalty to God, and the duty which we owe to the temporal power proceeds not from mere interest or force, but from God's holy law. St. Paul, the vessel of election, writes to the Christians of the city of Rome: "Let every man be subject to the higher powers, for there is no power but from God, and those that are ordained of God. Therefore, he that resisteth the power, resisteth the ordinance of God: and they that resist purchase to themselves damnation. For rulers are not a terror to the good work, but to the evil. Wherefore be ye subject of necessity, not only for wrath, but also for conscience sake" (xiii. 1). We must bear in mind that at this very time Nero sat upon the imperial throne. St. Paul was soon to be in bonds for justice's sake, and to bear witness to divine truth by martyrdom, and the streets of Rome were to be red-dened with Christian blood. Yet the apostle teaches that loyalty to the constituted authority is a duty which none can gainsay. The laws of order, authority, and obedience proceed from the very nature of civil society, and without them the human family would lapse into barbarism and savagery. The apostle, St. Peter, thus proclaims the unerring teaching of divine truth: "Be ye subject to every human authority for God's sake, whether it be to the king as supreme or unto governors as sent by him for the punishment of evil-doers, and for the reward of the good. For so is the will of God that by well-doing we may put to silence the ignorance of foolish men. As free, and not using your freedom for a cloak of wickedness, but as servants of God. Show regard to all men. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honor the king." (1 Peter ii.) True Christian liberty springs from the fear of God, shows regard to all men—no matter what their errors or prejudices may be—cherishes a special love for all who are held in the bonds of holy faith, and pays due reverence and honour to those who are invested with supreme power. Such are the teachings of religion, such the maxims which guided the early Christians in their daily life. How terrible were the persecutions the first Christians endured. Yet they were never wanting in loyalty which they owed to their temporal ruler. The Theban Legion, led on by St. Maurice, won, on the battlefield, the brightest laurels that military glory could award to their discipline and heroic bravery. Despite all this, they allowed themselves to be declared traitors on account of their faith, and to be adjudged to death; but no temptation, no insult, no outrage could move them to draw the sword to avenge such injustice, or to swerve from the civil allegiance which was due to the empire. You, dearly beloved in Christ, will emulate the unflinching loyalty of those devoted champions of the faith. It is your duty, not only to be loyal to your sovereign, but to be the assertors of that loyalty, and, if needs be, to become with your very lives a bulwark, a rampart around the throne. You will cherish those sentiments with the greater devotedness, and the greater earnestness, because every best interest of this colony—its peace and liberty, and prosperity—are all linked with fealty to the throne. It will be your prayer that the august Sovereign who for fifty years has with dignity and grace wielded the sceptre of authority may long continue to rule these realms in prosperity and peace, and that her length of years may be crowned with every blessing of heaven.

## HAVE FRANCE AND RUSSIA FALLEN OUT?

A report comes by cable this morning which, if true, is significant and ominous. It is to the effect that a newspaper which is said to be the Czar's official organ—the *Grazhdanin*—contains a violent attack upon France written by Prince Mesh Tcherski, in the course of which the writer says:—"A nation whose patriotism only exists in phrases cannot be an ally of Russia."

What can have happened to warrant such language?

It is hoped that either the report will prove incorrect or that the attack slipped into the paper unapproved—if the journal mentioned is really the Czar's organ; for should Russia and France fall out, the bottom of the European equilibrium would be likewise, as they now hold the peace of Europe in their own hands.

The above is from the N. Y. *Herald* of the 31st ult. The following is the cablegram referred to:—

ST. PETERSBURG, August 30, 1887.—Prince Mesh Tcherski, in the *Grazhdanin*, now the official organ of the Czar, makes a violent attack upon France. He says:—"A nation whose patriotism only exists in phrases cannot be an ally of Russia."

A despatch from Copenhagen says that the rheumatism of the arms from which the Czar has been suffering has decreased. He drove out today in an open carriage.

The Russian government has taken occasion to apprise the staffs of teachers throughout the Empire on the re-opening of the schools after vacation of the adoption of new and stringent regulations designed to check the spread of republican principles in Russia.

## LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The steamer Portia sails outward on Friday morning.

Mr. Dale, of the steamer Portia, has our thanks for late papers.

The French war ship *Clorinde* arrived here at eight o'clock this morning.

The steamer *Curlew* arrived from the westward at 3.30 this afternoon.

A ploughing match is spoken of as one of the features of the agricultural show.

The highest point attained by the thermometer during the last twenty-four hours was 65; the lowest 41.

The General Protestant Academia will re-open on tomorrow morning (Wednesday), at 9.30 p.m.—li.

The monthly meeting of the St. John's Typographical Union, will be held in the usual place at 8 o'clock this evening.

A large ball of meteoric fire (some people say it was a balloon) was observed in the Southeastern heavens, about 7.30 last evening. It was visible for about thirty seconds, then it seemed to sink into the ocean.

As there seems to be a rumor in town that the steamer *Polino* (which ship left here on the Friday of the gale) has not been heard from, we beg to assure all interested that the steamer reached Cow Bay the Sunday after she left here.

The 5-mile go-as-you-please, which takes place this evening, at 8 o'clock, sharp, in the Parade Rink, will be a very interesting contest, as the following list of competitors will show:—James Raynes, John Ryan, A. O'Neil, Robert Stephenson, H. Keefe, J. Hennessy, G. Mursell, L. O'Neil and P. O'Neil.

"British Born" at the New Era Gardens last night was very successful. The acting and scenic effects were beyond all expectation. The light was not good but will be more perfect when the piece will be reproduced on Wednesday night. There were upwards of fifteen hundred persons present. The sum realized was over \$200.

The Fire Brigade are preparing for a tournament which will take place in a few days on Bannerman Road. The various Fire Companies will be called upon to contribute towards the display. Captain Winsor and his dauntless brigade deserve well at the hands of the Fire Companies, and should be treated liberally in connection with the tournament.

The steamer Portia arrived here from New York and Halifax about 9 o'clock last night. She brought the following passengers:—From New York—Mrs. Sinnott and son, Mrs. Walton, W. R. Walton, H. J. TenEyck, A. C. Ridley, J. T. Cooper, M. Chamberlain, H. B. Lord, E. M. Stubbins, James Turner, T. Hurlby; 4 in second cabin. From Halifax—Mrs. Clift, Miss Dimock, R. Heffer.

The fog fiend has been hanging around St. John's city the greater part of the summer. He is not at all satisfied this year. There have been no bankers cut down, or no steamships running into icebergs, but if he were attending to his business and stayed out on the banks without coming in to loaf on the shore and roll around and go asleep in the sun, he would not have such a small balance in his favor at his shipping merchants. Other years he was content with having an occasional run in near Trepassy and Cape Race, where all the steamships pass and thus kill two birds with the one stone, (1) have his turn ashore and (2) pick up a few wrecks. The jubilee celebrations must have been too much for him. The fog fiend is getting fond of the allurements of the city.

## HOTEL ARRIVALS.

## ATLANTIC HOTEL.

Sept. 5.—Mr. and Mrs. Perry, Samuel S. Bailey, Heart's Content; T. F. Cooper, H. J. TenEyck, Albany, N.Y.; F. N. Hurlbut, Morristown; Ed. W. Chamberlain, N. Y.; Mr. W. R. Walton and Mrs. Walton, Birmingham, Conn.; Mr. Stubbins, U. S. A.; H. B. Lord, Ithaca, New York.

## BIRTHS.

COOPER—On the 4th inst., the wife of Thomas Cooper, of a twin, son and daughter.

## DEATHS.

THOMAS—This afternoon, John D., eldest son of Mr. N. Thomas (hair-dresser), aged 28 years. Funeral on Thursday, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, 157 Water-street.

DINN—Last evening, after a long and painful illness, Ellen, beloved wife of Matthew Dinne, aged 45 years. Funeral on Thursday next, at 3.30 o'clock, from her late residence, West-street; friend and acquaintance are respectfully invited to attend without further notice—[Halifax papers please copy.]